The Milky Way as a Case Study of Galactic Chemical Evolution

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What do we know?

Local age-metallicity relation not monotonic

• Migrated stars from inner galaxy



Fig. 3, Feuillet et al. (2018), MNRAS, 477, 2326



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$[\alpha/Fe]$ -[Fe/H] bimodality

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Weinberg et al. (2022), ApJS, 260, 32





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Galactic Chemical Evolution

Evolutionary History

Chemical Content

The Origin of the Solar System Elements



Fig. 3, Johnson (2019), Science, 363, 474

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One-Zone Models

Assume instantaneous mixing Take yields from stellar evolution models Apply timestep algorithm















The Milky Way: A Concentric Ring Model



Similar to

- Schönrich & Binney (2009)
- Minchev, Chiappini & Martig (2013, 2014)

Simulation-based stellar migration





Versatile Integrator for Chemical Evolution

vice 1.3.0

pip install vice 🕒

Details of disk models are input

- SFH, IMF, yields
- Annular zones, migration

All documentation available at https://vice-astro.readthedocs.io





Fig. 7, Johnson et al. (2022), MNRAS, 508, 4484







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Success: spatial dependence

- Failure: bimodality itself (both SFHs)
 - Descent from high $[\alpha/Fe]$ too slow?
 - SFR too high at mid $[\alpha/Fe]$?









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Future work: "two-infall" model

Liam Dubay (Ohio State)

Combinations of SFHs and SN Ia DTDs that reproduce bimodality



Fig. 2, Spitoni et al. (2019), A&A, 623, 60





Recent burst increases [O/Fe] of young stars

• Not seen in the data





Mor et al. (2019):

• Evidence for starburst in Gaia





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Age-[O/Fe]: The Impact of the SFH

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Age-[O/H]: The Impact of the SFH

Support interpretation that old metal-rich stars migrated from inner Galaxy

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Solar annulus

• Both models reasonable

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Other Galactic regions

• No-burst model overpredicts ages

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• Burst model better reproduces trend's shape

Ambiguous results

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• Episodic SFH potentially more accurate

Key parameter in chemical evolution models

Establish trends in abundance ratios in our disk models

The Origin of the Solar System Elements

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Poorly Understood

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Emily Griffith (CU Boulder)

The Origin of the Solar System Elements

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Nitrogen: theoretically difficult

- Third dredge-up
- Hot bottom burning

• Mixing

Fig. 3, Johnson et al. (2022), arxiv:2202.04666

Nitrogen: theoretically difficult

- Third dredge-up
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Different trends of [N/O] with [O/H]

• Z-dep of yield

Fig. 6a, Johnson et al. (2022), arxiv:2202.04666

Normalization of [N/O]-[O/H] relation set by strength of yields and outflows

Slope of relationship requires $y_N \propto Z$

Fig. 6b, Johnson et al. (2022), arxiv:2202.04666

Variability in SFR source of scatter

Daniel Boyea – Carbon (Ohio State Undergraduate)

Miqaela Weller – Helium (Ohio State)

Fig. 6b, Johnson et al. (2022), arxiv:2202.04666

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The Normalization of Stellar Yields

Come chat if you're interested!

Degenerate with how much gas a galaxy has exchanged with its surroundings

Primordially produced elements

- Cooke et al. (2022): helium isotopes
- Weinberg (2017): deuterium

Ryan Cooke (Durham)

David Weinberg (Ohio State)

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Disrupted Dwarf Galaxies in the Stellar Halo

Come chat if you're interested!

Novel method of fitting one-zone models to data

Proof of concept application to *Gaia*-Sausage Enceladus and Wukong/LMS-1

Charlie Conroy (Harvard)

Metallicity-Dependent Type Ia Supernova Rates

Come chat if you're interested!

Combined

- Mass-metallicity relation
- Mass-SFH relation from semi-analytic model
- SN Ia delay-time distribution
- Prefactor computed from metallicity

Chris Kochanek (Ohio State)

Kris Stanek (Ohio State)

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Come get an OSU Astronomy sticker!

Key Takeaways

Recent SFH of the Milky Way

• Ambiguous results comparing to age-[O/Fe] and age-[O/H] relations

• Combination of inside-out galaxy growth with radial migration is unsuccessful

GCE models can be used to constrain elemental yields

• Nitrogen: should increase ~linearly above some metallicity independent minimum

If you're also interested in dwarf galaxies, SN rates, or getting started with VICE, let's chat!

What is the Normalization of Elemental Yields?

Difficulty: strong degeneracy with strength of outflows

• Primary source and sink terms

$$\dot{M}_{x} = \sum_{i} Y_{x} - Z_{x} (\dot{M}_{\star} + \dot{M}_{out}) + \dot{M}_{return} + Z_{x,in} \dot{M}_{ir}$$
$$\dot{M}_{a} = \dot{M}_{in} + \dot{M}_{return} - \dot{M}_{\star} - \dot{M}_{out}$$

Fit mock sample drawn from one-zone GCE model with yields, outflows as free parameters

VICE on Slack

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[N/O]-[O/H] relation ~universal across galactic environments

Fig. 1, Johnson et al. (2022), arxiv:2202.04666

