Version Control with GitHub

SURP 2023 Python Bootcamp Ohio State Astronomy Slides by: James W. Johnson

What is GitHub?

A website for hosting files in the cloud

More fundamentally: version control

- Tracks changes to your files over time
- Can host multiple versions of the same file(s) under the same name(s)

Free to use, with some features enabled with a premium account

Where the world builds software

Millions of developers and companies build, ship, and maintain their software on GitHub—the largest and most advanced development platform in the world.

4+ million

Organizations

Email address

73+ million

Developers

Sign up for GitHub

200+ million

Repositorie

84% Fortune 100

What can you do with GitHub?

For researchers:

- Share files with collaborators
- Manage copies between multiple computers
- Backup copy of your work

For software developers:

- Track changes to code over time
- Collaborate with other developers seamlessly

Where the world builds software

4+ million

Organizations

Email address

73+ million

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200+ million

Repositorie

84%

Fortune 100

Why learn it now?

A majority of astronomers and physicists eventually leave academia for data science or other private sector jobs

In these positions, knowledge of version control tools like GitHub is *expected*.

Where the world builds software

Millions of developers and companies build, ship, and maintain their software on GitHub—the largest and most advanced development platform in the world.



Repositories

A directory containing files and other directories that is stored on GitHub

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Example: NumPy, SciPy, and matplotlib each host their source code on GitHub

Files can be anything

- Code (including jupyter notebooks)
- Documents
- Images

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						Sponsor this project	

Repositories: Local vs. Remote

Local: this file system *on your computer*

Remote: this file system *on GitHub's website*

Remote will always have the url format *github.com/<user>/<repo>*

mpy / numpy Public		💙 Sponsor	⊙ Watch 585 ▾ 🦞 Fork 8.1k ▾ 🖧 Star 23.5k
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charris Merge pull request #23765 fro	om ngoldbaum/fix-compiler-warnings 🛄 🗙 921a97e 1	hour ago 🕚 32,313 commits	The fundamental package for scientific computing with Python.
.circleci	DOC: add texlive-lang-chinese package dependency to C	l 3 months ago	c∕ numpy.org
devcontainer	DEV: use micromamba to set up Codespaces	2 months ago	
.github	Merge pull request #23709 from scoder/cython3_noexce	pt last week	Readme
benchmarks	BUG: typo, linting	5 days ago	● BSD-3-Clause license
branding/ logo	Set logo colors explicitly to RGB	2 years ago	ও Code of conduct
doc	Merge branch 'main' into deprecate-find-common-type	2 days ago	Cite this repository →
numpy	MAINT: fix signed/unsigned int comparison warnings	4 hours ago	。 ☆ 23.5k stars
tools	BLD: update to OpenBLAS 0.3.23, fix	2 weeks ago	⊙ 585 watching
🗋 .cirrus.star	CI: .cirrus.star typo	last month	Report repository
🗋 .clang-format	MAINT: Standardize guards in numpy/core/src/multiarray.	2 years ago	
C .codecov.yml	CI: Use informational mode for codecov	2 years ago	Releases 98
C .coveragerc	MAINT, TST: remove test-installed-numpy.py	4 years ago	♥ v1.24.3 (Latest
🗋 .ctags.d	DEV: add ctags option file	5 years ago	3 weeks ago
	MAINT: Allow export/import of bools in dlpack	4 months ago	+ 97 releases
	MAINT: Ignore test.obj files	last week	

Objectives

- Commits: how to make changes to a remote repository
- git: terminal application for interacting with a repository on GitHub
- Branching: how to store the same file(s) in different states
- GitHub websites
- Setting up a repository: GitHub itself walks you through this

Commits

Bread and butter for making changes to a repository

A series of +'s and -'s within files

• Current state of repository = sum of all commits across all files

Tracks bit-by-bit changes to binary files (e.g., PDFs)

Showi	ng 1 c l	hanged file with 1 addition and 1 deletion.
~	· ‡ · 2	README.rst []
	<u>t.</u>	@@ -52,7 +52,7 @@ Versatile Integrator for Chemical Evolution
52	52	:target: https://join.slack.com/t/vice-astro/shared_invite/zt-tqwa1syp-faiQu0P9oe83cazb0q9tJA
53	53	:alt: Slack
54	54	
55		<pre> logo image:: logo/logo.png</pre>
	55	+ logo image:: <u>logo/logo_transparent_blue.png</u>
56	56	
57	57	VICE is a user-friendly <u>python</u> package designed to model chemical enrichment
58	58	in galaxies.
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Commits

That's about all there is to it!

All of this happens *after* you're ready to upload changes to your files

Showing **1 changed file** with **1 addition** and **1 deletion**.

~ ·	‡ ∵ 2	README.rst C
		@@ -52,7 +52,7 @@ Versatile Integrator for Chemical Evolution
52	52	:target: https://join.slack.com/t/vice-astro/shared_invite/zt-tqwa1syp-faiQu0P9oe83cazb0q9tJA
53	53	:alt: Slack
54	54	
55		<pre> logo image:: logo/logo.png</pre>
	55	+ logo image:: <u>logo/logo_transparent_blue.png</u>
56	56	
57	57	VICE is a user-friendly <u>python</u> package designed to model chemical enrichment
58	58	in galaxies.

git: Managing Repositories

Terminal application for managing a repository, including making commits

- Generally pre-installed
- Uploading: git add, git commit, git push
- Downloading: git pull

git --help prints an API reference in the terminal

No connection to GitHub as a website : git is an open-source version control program

- Tracks changes in any set of computer files for projects of any size
- Other websites built around git: GitLab, Bitbucket

git mv and git rm

Both fulfill the same functionality as mv and rm otherwise do

git mv: rename the file

- A bare mv without git will make the new version show up as an untracked file
- The file takes its commit history with it
- If you mess up, *mv* followed by *git mv* is fine

git rm: delete the file

• Change will be reflected when others run git pull

git status: Which files have updates?

Displays the relative paths to files that

- are new and not yet stored within the repository (i.e., "untracked" files)
- are already stored within the repository, but have local updates not yet added to the next commit
- have local updates that have been added to the next commit

(python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary slides % git status On branch main Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.

no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a") (python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary slides % _

The .gitignore file

git looks for a plain-text file called *.gitignore* in the top-level directory of all repositories

• Contains paths and glob patterns for files that it should skip



git add and git restore

git add: tells *git* which file(s) to include in the next commit

- Can be as many files as you want/need
- Doesn't have to be *every* file with changes

git restore [--staged]: the "undo" button

(python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary slides % git add github.pptx (python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary slides % git status On branch main Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.

Changes to be committed: (use "git restore --staged <file>..." to unstage) modified: github.pptx

Untracked files: (use "git add <file>..." to include in what will be committed) images/github.gitignore.png images/github.gitstatus.png ~\$github.pptx

git commit

Creates the commit itself

Command will open the *vi* text-editor and prompt you for a message to attach to the commit

- Press *A* to enter edit mode
- Press *Esc* to enter command mode, then ":wq" and *Enter* will save and quit

git commit –m "message here" takes the message in quotes without opening *vi*

Please enter the commit message for your changes. Lines starting # with '#' will be ignored, and an empty message aborts the commit. # On branch main # Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'. # Changes to be committed: modified: github.pptx Changes not staged for commit: modified: github.pptx # Untracked files: images/github.gitadd.png images/github.gitignore.png images/github.gitstatus.png ~\$github.pptx

git push and git pull

git push: uploads the new commit to the remote repository on GitHub

• The first time you do this, it will likely prompt you to run with extra flags to tell it the branch you're pushing to *git push --set-upstream origin main*

git pull: downloads new commits from the remote repository

Display remote URL: *git remote –v* Set remote URL: *git remote set-url origin* [*url*]

git gud: for when coding is as hard as Dark Souls



Branches

Different branches track different commit histories

• Current state of file(s) = sum of commits *on a given branch*

Of particular importance if you are developing software that will be distributed/released



Note: default name of the "primary" branch x to be *master* but is now *main*

git branch: Displays which branch you're on

Branching in production-level code:

- Development
- Different features on their own branches
- Recently released versions
- Main branch usually latest release

Branching for researchers:

- Can be used to store the same files in different states
- More useful if your code base gets large

(python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary VICE % git branch * development-openmp development-openmp-modeling development-openmp-windowscompat main v1.1.x v1.2.x v1.2.x v1.3.x v1.3.x-patch

git switch

Changes between branches locally

Can also be done with git checkout

• *checkout* can also be used to copy file(s) from another branch

Will prompt you to commit your changes if it detects updates in tracked files.

(python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary VICE % git branch * development development-openmp development-openmp-modeling development-openmp-windowscompat main v1.1.x v1.2.x v1.3.x v1.3.x-patch (python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary VICE % git switch main --quiet (python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary VICE % git branch development development-openmp development-openmp-modeling development-openmp-windowscompat main × v1.1.x v1.2.x v1.3.x v1.3.x-patch (python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary VICE % git checkout development --quiet (python3.10) jamesjohnson@Binary VICE % git branch * development development-openmp development-openmp-modeling development-openmp-windowscompat main v1.1.x v1.2.x v1.3.x v1.3.x-patch

git branch: A new branch

git branch <new_branch> will create a new branch with whatever name you give it

• git push --set-upstream origin <new_branch>

You can also create a new branch on GitHub's webpage for your repository, then

git pull
git switch <branch_name>

git branch --delete <branch_name> will delete the local copy of the branch



Merging branches

Copies the commits on one branch into another branch

When collaborating, open a *pull request*. Merge will be handled on GitHub's website.

Locally, you can use: git switch <into_branch> git merge <from_branch> git push



How Researchers Benefit from GitHub

At the end of the day, or whenever you need it: *git add* + *git commit* + *git push* Later, or simply on a different computer: *git pull*

- No need to handle transfers yourself!
- The other system *can* be a supercomputer (e.g., Ohio Supercomputer Center)
- If all you're looking for is managing files between systems, then *add*, *commit*, *push*, and *pull* are all you *really* need

You're backing up your work in the process

"Can you send me a copy of your code?"

"Sure, here's a link that won't change even if the code changes."

GitHub will host static websites for free!

- *Static*: built using HTML/Markdown as opposed to JavaScript (*dynamic*)
- Popular among academics \rightarrow more freedom than, e.g., google sites
- *https://username.github.io* \rightarrow URLs of this format are GitHub websites

Can also be deployed at any URL that you own the rights to

- Example: *https://giganano.github.io* redirects to *https://jamesjohnson.space*
- The source material for this bootcamp is hosted on a GitHub website
 - *https://jamesjohnson.space/bootcamp* is really just *https://giganano.github.io/bootcamp*

In repository, navigate to Settings, then Pages, and tell it which branch to deploy from (usually *main*)

In general, the name of the repo should end with *.github.io*



Built using HTML or Markdown

• *index.html* or *index.md* will be the website's front page

Can use your own JavaScript or CSS (Cascading Style Sheets)

Anatomy of a website:

- HTML = bones
- JavaScript = muscles
- CSS = skin

분 main ▾ ᢪ 1 branch ा of tags		Go to file	Add file -	<> Code -
giganano dev: links to solutions adde	d next to exercises on bootcamp page	✓ 87ef3e	7 last week	• 243 commits
.github/workflows	ci: patch: research metrics update checks fo	or 504 Gateway	/ Time-out	2 months ago
C css	patch: ADS library button on research page	given more roo	m	2 months ago
data	[auto] ci: research metrics updated			2 weeks ago
images	dev: research section image tweaks			2 months ago
js	patch: "arxiv:" added before arxiv numbers	in publications	list	2 months ago
supplementary_files	maint: slight tweak to bootcamp slides			last week
🗋 .gitignore	gitignore added			last year
CNAME	Create CNAME			last year
🗅 README.md	update: README added, link to source repo	sitory added to	index.html	last year
bootcamp.html	dev: links to solutions added next to exercis	es on bootcam	p page	last week
🗋 index.html	dev: switched order of teaching section			last month
publications.html	dev: teaching section overhaul ; buttons ove	erhaul ; icons ov	verhaul	2 months ago
research.html	dev: teaching section overhaul ; buttons over	erhaul ; icons ov	verhaul	2 months ago

Built using HTML or Markdown

• *index.html* or *index.md* will be the website's front page

You can simply choose an "off-theshelf" theme to expedite styling

• Regardless of HTML/Markdown



Easy if you simply use GitHub's website



James W. Johnson giganano

🗘 Overview 📮 Repositories 16 🕀 Projects 🛇 Packages	☆ Stars 2
Find a repository	Type - Language - So - 📮 New
outflows Public an investigation into the impact of galactic outflows on chemical evolution models	☆ Star →
Jupyter Notebook Updated 4 hours ago	
PythonBootcamp Public A Python bootcamp aimed at astronomers and other scientists with a background in functional programming	र्रू Star 🚽

You'll land at a page that looks like this

- Name it
- Private repos require premium

README, *.gitignore*, and *license* can be added at any time

• Leave them out if this is your first repository

Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? Import a repository.

Owner* Repository name *	
giganano 👻 /	
Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about animated-octo-eureka?	
Description (optional)	
• Public Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.	
Private You choose who can see and commit to this repository.	
Initialize this repository with:	
Add a README file	
This is where you can write a long description for your project. Learn more about READMEs.	
Add .gitignore	
.gitignore template: None 👻	
Choose which files not to track from a list of templates. Learn more about ignoring files.	
Choose a license	

License: None 👻

A license tells others what they can and can't do with your code. Learn more about licenses.

(i) You are creating a public repository in your personal account.

You'll land at a page that looks like this

- Name it
- Private repos require premium

README, *.gitignore*, and *license* can be added at any time

• Leave them out if this is your first repository

The suggested name is usually so random that it's funny...

Create a new repository

A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere? Import a repository.

🧊 giganano 👻	
Great repository nar	nes are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How a out animated-octo-eure
Description (optiona	
- Public	
Anyone on	the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.
് റ്റ്ര Private	
└ └ You choose	who can see and commit to this repository.
Initialize this year of	
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Add a README	file can write a long description for your project. Learn more about READMEs.
Add a README	file can write a long description for your project. Learn more about READMEs.
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Add a README This is where you Add .gitignore .gitignore template: I Choose which files not	file can write a long description for your project. Learn more about READMEs. None to track from a list of templates. Learn more about ignoring files.
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Add a README This is where you of Add .gitignore .gitignore template: I Choose which files not Choose a license	file can write a long description for your project. Learn more about READMEs. None – to track from a list of templates. Learn more about ignoring files.

(i) You are creating a public repository in your personal account.

If you leave out the *README*, *.gitignore*, and *license*, then the landing page of an empty repository will walk you through how to make your first push

From here on, everything proceeds according to the earlier slides

Set up GitHub Copilot Use GitHub's Al pair programmer to autocomplete suggestions as you code.

ନ**⁺**

Invite collaborators

Find people using their GitHub username or email address.

Quick setup — if you've done this kind of thing before

🕁 Set up in Desktop or HTTPS SSH https://github.com/giganano/animated-octo-eureka.git

Get started by creating a new file or uploading an existing file. We recommend every repository include a README, LICENSE, and .gitignore.

... or create a new repository on the command line

echo "# animated-octo-eureka" >> README.md
git init
git add README.md
git commit -m "first commit"
git branch -M main
git remote add origin https://github.com/giganano/animated-octo-eureka.git
git push -u origin main

... or push an existing repository from the command line

git remote add origin https://github.com/giganano/animated-octo-eureka.git
git branch -M main
git push -u origin main

...or import code from another repository

You can initialize this repository with code from a Subversion, Mercurial, or TFS project.

Import code

Thank you!